

NAME –  
UID –  
SUBJECT PYTHON LAB  
EXP - 1.2  
D.O.F – 24/02/22  
BRANCH CSE (B.TECH/ B.E)  
SEC-

1. Python Program to check whether a given number is a palindrome.

```
n=int(input("Enter number:"))
temp=n
rev=0
while(n>0):
    dig=n%10
    rev=rev*10+dig
    n=n//10
if(temp==rev):
    print("The number is a palindrome!")
else:
    print("The number isn't a palindrome!")
```

CODE IN COMPILER –

```
rj.py — python
rj.py > ...
1 n=int(input("Enter number:"))
2 temp=n
3 rev=0
4 while(n>0):
5     dig=n%10
6     rev=rev*10+dig
7     n=n//10
8 if(temp==rev):
9     print("The number is a palindrome!")
10 else:
11     print("The number isn't a palindrome!")
```

## OUTPUT



```
rajdeepjaiswal@Rajdeeps-Air python % python -u "/Users/rajdeepjaiswal/Desktop/Codes/python/rj.py"
Enter number:33
The number is a palindrome!
rajdeepjaiswal@Rajdeeps-Air python %
```

2 .Python Program to check Whether entered number is Armstrong or Not?

## CODE-

```
# Python program to check if the number is an Armstrong number or not

# take input from the user
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))

# initialize sum
sum = 0

# find the sum of the cube of each digit
temp = num
while temp > 0:
    digit = temp % 10
    sum += digit ** 3
    temp //= 10

# display the result
if num == sum:
    print(num,"is an Armstrong number")
else:
    print(num,"is not an Armstrong number")
```

## CODE IN COMPILER

A screenshot of a code editor window titled "rj.py - python". The code is written in Python and checks if a number is an Armstrong number. It takes input from the user, initializes a sum, finds the sum of cubes of digits, and compares it with the original number to determine if it's an Armstrong number.

```
1 # Python program to check if the number is an Armstrong number or not
2
3 # take input from the user
4 num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
5
6 # initialize sum
7 sum = 0
8
9 # find the sum of the cube of each digit
10 temp = num
11 while temp > 0:
12     digit = temp % 10
13     sum += digit ** 3
14     temp //= 10
15
16 # display the result
17 if num == sum:
18     print(num,"is an Armstrong number")
19 else:
20     print(num,"is not an Armstrong number")
21
22
```

The status bar at the bottom shows "Ln 17, Col 15" and "Spaces: 3". The toolbar below the editor contains various application icons.

## OUTPUT

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "1: Code". It shows the command "python -u "/Users/rajdeepjaiswal/Desktop/Codes/python/rj.py" being run. The user enters "22" as input. The terminal outputs "(22, 'is not an Armstrong number')".

```
python -u "/Users/rajdeepjaiswal/Desktop/Codes/python/rj.py"
rajdeepjaiswal@Rajdeeps-Air python % python -u "/Users/rajdeepjaiswal/Desktop/Codes/python/rj.py"
Enter a number: 22
(22, 'is not an Armstrong number')
rajdeepjaiswal@Rajdeeps-Air python %
```

The status bar at the bottom shows "Ln 17, Col 15" and "Spaces: 3". The toolbar below the terminal contains various application icons.

### 3 Python Program to Take three numbers from the user and print the greatest number

CODE –

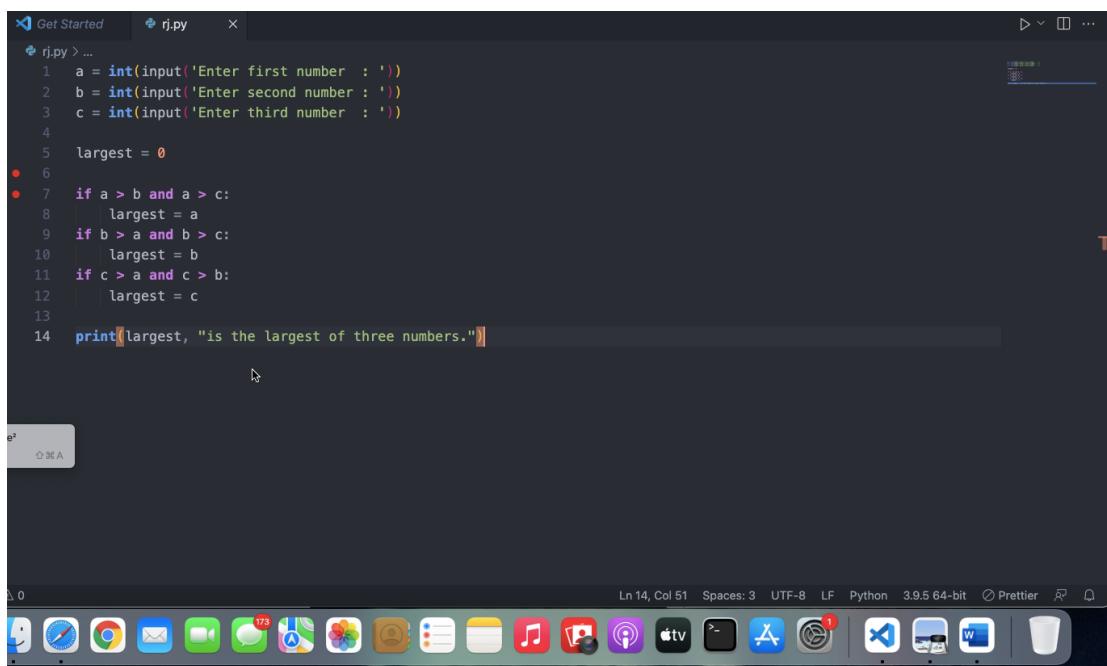
```
a = int(input('Enter first number : '))
b = int(input('Enter second number : '))
c = int(input('Enter third number : '))

largest = 0

if a > b and a > c:
    largest = a
if b > a and b > c:
    largest = b
if c > a and c > b:
    largest = c

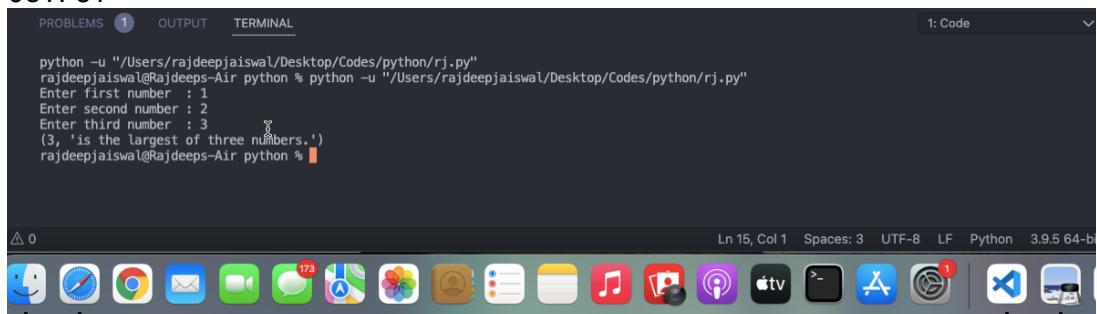
print(largest, "is the largest of three numbers.")
```

CODE IN COMPILER –



```
rj.py > ...
1  a = int(input('Enter first number : '))
2  b = int(input('Enter second number : '))
3  c = int(input('Enter third number : '))
4
5  largest = 0
6
7  if a > b and a > c:
8      largest = a
9  if b > a and b > c:
10     largest = b
11  if c > a and c > b:
12      largest = c
13
14 print(largest, "is the largest of three numbers.")
```

OUTPUT



```
python -u "/Users/rajdeepjaiswal/Desktop/Codes/python/rj.py"
rajdeepjaiswal@Rajdeeps-Air python % python -u "/Users/rajdeepjaiswal/Desktop/Codes/python/rj.py"
Enter first number : 1
Enter second number : 2
Enter third number : 3
(3, 'is the largest of three numbers.')
rajdeepjaiswal@Rajdeeps-Air python %
```